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Office Memorandum • United States Government

то :	The Files - Contract 605, Task Order 8 DATE: 8 March 1960	25X1
FROM:	Trip Report - DOG 35 REV DATE 30 APR BY 0/83 ORIG COMP 33 OP) 55 TYPE 0 ORIG COMP 33 OP) 77PE 0 ORIG COMP 33 OP) 78PE 0	23
subject:	Trip Report - ORIG COMP 33 OP) STIPE ORIG CLASS SPAGES 12 REV CLASS SPAGES 12 REV CLASS SPAGES 12 NEXT REV 2010 AUTHI HI	70-2 25X1
		25X1
	1. On 25 February 1960 the writer visited for the purpose of discussing progress	25X1
	on Contract 605. Present for discussions concerning this work were:	20/1
		25 X 1
, *		
	2. 30 to 1.000 mc Antenna. Task Order 6 - The construction of the first of these antennas is almost completed. Latest test data indicates that a VSWR of less than 2:1 will be obtained over the entire operating range of this antenna. The antenna's longest element is 17 feet and the boom is 22 feet long. The assembled antenna weighs approximately 115 lbs. Gain will average 7 to 8 db over isotropic. The feed assembly consists of two parallel coaxial lines laid along the sides of the boom which are supported by fiberglas. The fiberglas is required to prevent shorting of the	
	two coaxial lines under icing conditions. has had considerable difficulty in finding paints for fiberglas which will not impair the electronic performance of antenna arrays. The boom	25 X 1
	is presently painted white. At our request is trying to find a dull gray paint with a non-metallic base to paint the boom. The boom design has been somewhat complicated because of the sectionalization required which allows the removal of back sections of the antenna to decrease both antenna size and frequency response if desired. Because of this and the paint problem it is now anticipated that there will be approximately a \$4,000 overrun on this contract. The writer feels that because of the improved antenna performance which has been obtained in recent weeks, the	25X1

overrun will be justified. Delivery of the first of a quantity of

five antennas is expected within 15 days.

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25X1 SUBJECT: Trip Report -Antenna-Filter-Detector System, 50-4,000 mc, Task Order 8 25X1 has been very successful 50-500 mc Antenna in producing a small antenna operating over the range of 50-500 mc which can be printed on 1 mil mylar. The final antenna configuration will be such that the entire antenna 25X1 may be folded and placed in a shirt pocket. designed two antennas in this frequency range; one is 24" x 32", and another which is 36" x 40". The smaller of these antennas will operate with at least isotropic gain down to 200 mc, while the larger will perform very satisfactorily to 150 mc. Although antenna performance in either case suffers considerable degradation at frequencies down to 50 mc, they will represent a considerable improvement over existing concealed antennas. 50-10,000 mc Antenna - Problems of printed circuit board registration between the two half structures for this antenna have largely been solved. The present model of the antenna provides a VSWR well under 3:1 and gains of 6 to 7 db over isotropic. Because of the small size of the antenna elements at 10 kmc, it was found advisable to gold-plate the entire antenna assembly to prevent corrosion due to finger smudges. 25X1 10-40 kmc Electromagnetic Horn Antenna presently having difficulty fabricating a suitable first prototype of this antenna. The present technique involves fabrication of the horn from silver plated brass sheets. A piece of K-band wave guide is then braised at the back of the horn assembly. During the braising process the discon-

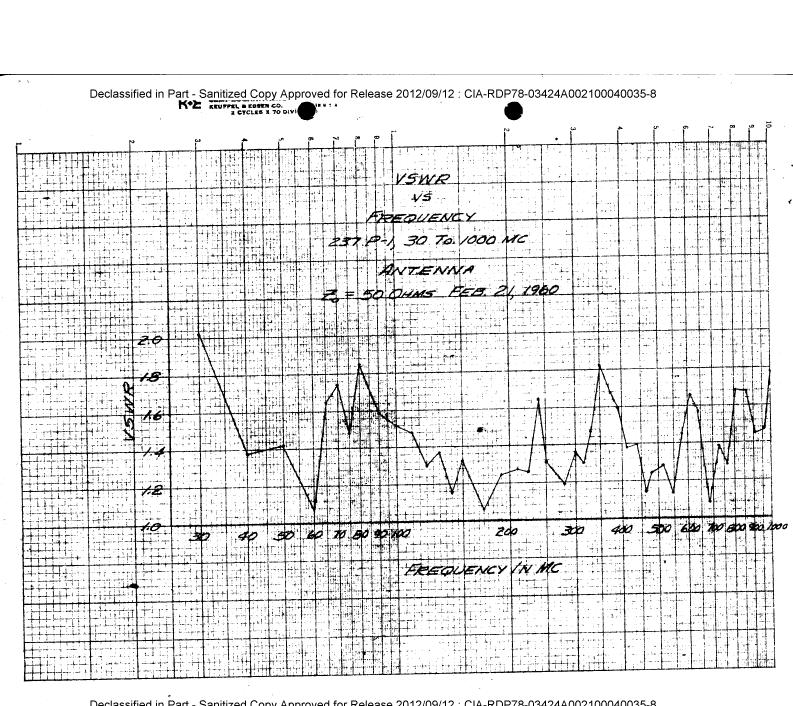
tinuities provided by the braising inside the horn will probably inhibit performance of the antenna at the upper frequency limit. Because only two horns are being built for this program it is economically unfeasible to produce them by electroforming techniques. As a result the first models will probably have to be hand finished after assembly.

SUBJECT:	Trip Report -	25 X 1
	In addition is having difficulty with the artificial dielectric filter elements which are to be inserted in the horn throat to raise the lower cut-off frequency of the horn, thus providing high pass filter action. The small cross-section of K-band wave guide re-	25X1
	quires the use of a relatively small and therefore weak piece of artificial dielectric. feels that they can increase the strength of the artificial dielectric slab by encasing its narrow portion in Teflon which will, upon insertion of the filter into the wave guide, completely fill the wave guide, thus providing structural rigidity.	25X1
d.	has not as yet constructed any band- pass filters required for this project. Because of the steep skirt selectivity which we requested they have been forced to use very high order polynomial equations to synthesize the proper characteristic. These equations are presently being solved on an IBM 650 computer and as soon as proper design parameters are obtained on the computer, first models of the filters will be assembled for test.	25 X 1
e.	Detectors - has obtained suitable detectors from Sage for use on this program. Preliminary tests of these detectors working into both a VA-7 and a VA-9 video amplifier indicate that the VA-9 unmodified provides approximately 10 db poorer performance than the VA-7, while the modified version of the VA-9 provides approximately 15 db poorer performance than the VA-7. Although the writer observed the tests of detector performance at	25X1
	he could find no fault with the test procedure. He is nevertheless quite certain that these measurements are incorrect. Pending a decision by CIA as to which video amplifier to use for system check-out, no final system	25X1
	testing will be done at	25 X 1
4. received	500 to 10,000 mc Procurement - has not as yet contractual documents for this procurement. However, they	25X1

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P, R.D., Sanders As Nashua, New Hampsl		
Microphase Electro	onics	
Stanford Research	Institute	
does not desire to product use with these antennas because of which might be anticipated.	ce a set of bandpass filters for of the very long delivery time	25X1
feed would produce a conventional while the second feed would produce cross-over point would occur alon comparing the phase of the single	eous D/F antenna system. The lic dish fe@d with two feeds. One l 10 db taper and a single lobe uce a split lobe whose 3 db ng the axis of the parabola. By	25X1
parabolic dish feeds covering 1-1	to begin construction of a series of LO kmc. The f/d ratio which they s that used for our previous dish	25X1
development at	indicated that we could built to operate with the dishes	25 X 1
7. Attached are VSWR patter of the 30-1,000 mc antenna.	rns and tentative assembly diagrams	25X1
Distribution: R+D Subject File, w/attach. Monthly Report (2), w/o attach. R+D Lab, w/o attach. OC-SP, w/o attach. EP Chrono, w/o attach.	h.	
Attachment: VSWR Patterns & Diagrams	4 CONFIDENTIAL	0025.0

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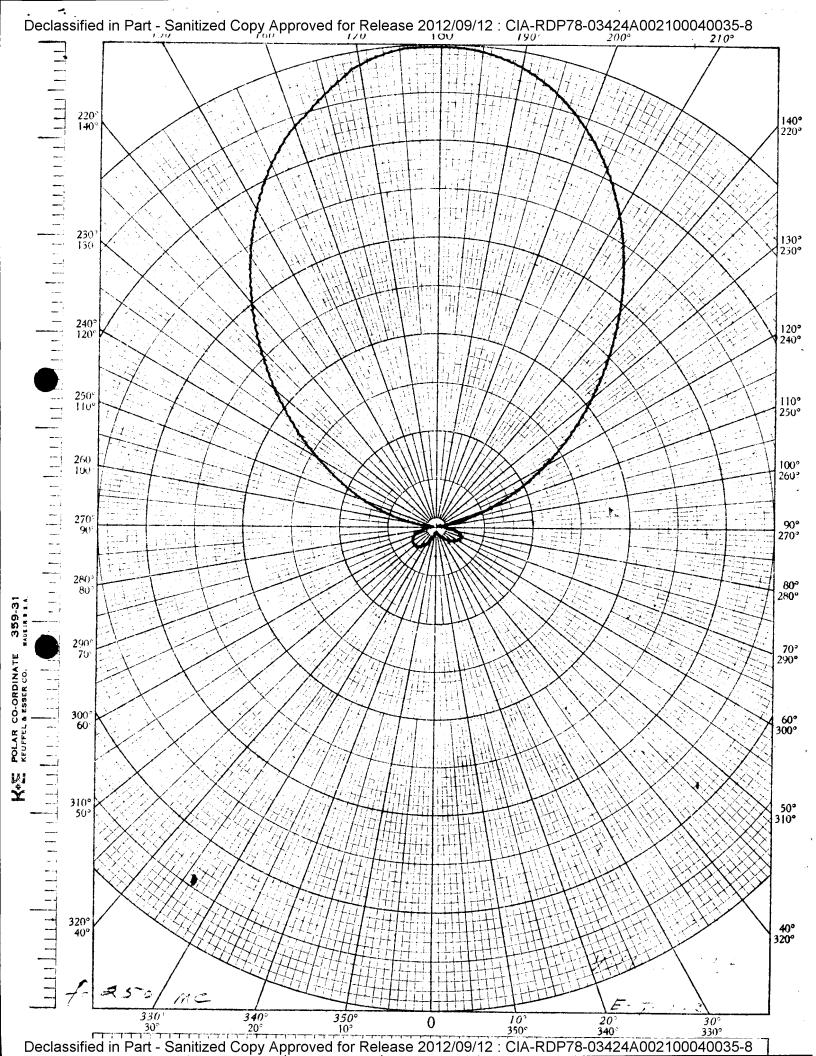


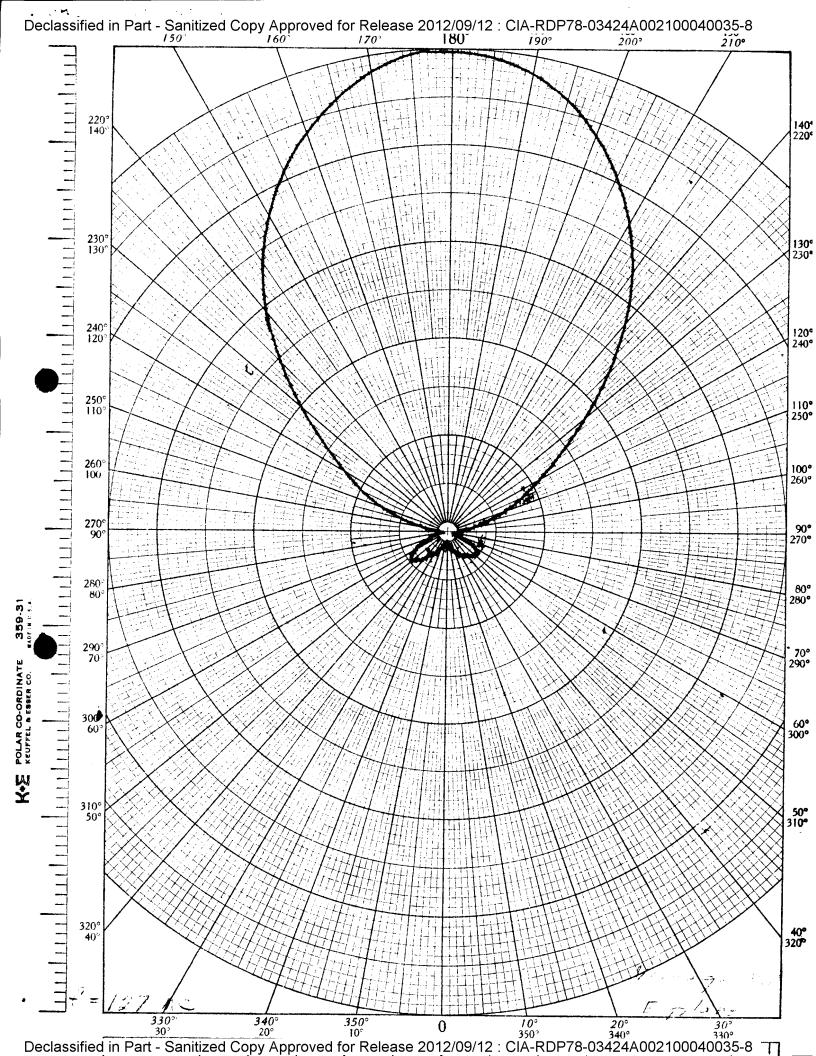
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30-TO-1000 MC

TYPICAL PATTERN (VOLTAGE)

E-PLANE







30-TO-1000 MC

TYPICAL PATTERN (VOLTAGE)

H-PLANE

